考試時間

1. 試論台灣漢人移民社會中所謂「義民」的產生與發展。 (25分)

政 治 大 學圖 館

- 2. 台灣有「三月瘋媽祖」之諺語流傳,試述台灣媽祖信仰的發展及 其歷史文化意涵。 (25分)
- 3. 試述台灣史研究與「轉型期正義」的關係。 (25分)
- 4. 解釋名詞 (25分)
 - (1) 軍工料
 - (2) 蔡牽
 - (3) 西仔反
 - (4) 太魯閣戰爭
 - (5) 莎勇之鐘 (サヨンの鐘)

試 題 隨 卷 交

命題委員:

034

(簽章) 2007年 3月 火日

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考試科目合於任以改仍所別人口少人所則考試時間 多用內日第三節

- /· 日治時期台湾政治菁英的政治主题 %在1920年代初期曾有相當大的 改變。原本協廢「之三法」的主張,由 議會設置請願運動所取代。試分析 其原因、2%
- 2. 日治時期所謂的「內地延長主義」新知的同化政案」有何不同,試分析之。分
- 3. 中小企業在單後台灣經濟學展脈給中,有其不客忽視的貢獻。試討論之。%
- 4. 「萬年國會」如何开始,其對台湾政治又有何影響。 对名

備考試題隨卷繳六

命題委員

035 (城林) 元 年 の 元 上 日

國立政治大學九十六 學年度研究所博士班入學考試命題紙 第1頁,共1頁

考試科目東亞近代史所別台灣史研究的考試時間 3月17日第四節

- 一、一九五〇年韓戰爆發,請論述其發生的背景及其對南北韓、日本、中國、美國和台灣的影響。(25分)
- 二、試說明自1912年中華民國成立至1961年之間,蒙古與中華民國關係的演變,並論述其意義。(25分)
- 三、1949年中國共產黨在中國內戰中勝利,建立中華人民共國,之後並維持超過半個世紀的社會與經濟基本安定。然而 1912年建立的中華民國,在長達三十八年的時間裡卻持續動亂,內戰、外患不斷。何以兩個政權的命運如此截然不同?試以內部條件(包含政策)的差異,分析之。(25分)
- 四、1928年中國國民黨所領導的國民政府完成了「北伐」,之後將近十年的時間裡,國民政府曾經嘗試推行多項政策,以求現代化其控制地區。試說明國民政府的這些舉措,包含哪些方面。(25分)

備考試題隨卷繳交

命題委員:

036

(簽章) 96年3月クリ

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國立政治大學九十六學年度研究所博士班入學考試命題紙第1

I. Reading comprehension 20%

Write down on your answer sheet the letter of (A, B, C) of your choice to best answer the four questions after the following passage.

The United States and China face the prospect of a war over Taiwan that neither side wants. China is committed to attack Taiwan under certain circumstances, while the United States is committed to defend Taiwan under certain circumstances. For both, failing to fulfill these commitments would likely be more costly politically than honoring them. The PRC has defined the reincorporation of Taiwan as a vital national interest and core national value. For its part, the United States has been deeply involved in the Republic of China's history since the Second World War. The United States assisted Taiwan's economic and political liberalization through advice and education while protecting Taiwan from seizure by a menacing Communist power. Taiwan has been a shining example of successful American internationalism, and a test case affirming American hopes for China. It would be excruciating difficult for America to stay on the sidelines while "the butchers of Beijing" made war on this small, nascent democracy. American strategists would also fear their failure to intervene might lead Asian governments to lose confidence in U.S. leadership and move toward accommodation with Beijing.

----Roy, Danny (2003). Taiwan: A Political History.

- 1. Taiwan is a test case affirming American hopes for China because Taiwan would have "lighting house" impact on China's (a) political democratization (b) economic development (c) social progress
- 2. If China employs non-peaceful means against Taiwan and America fails to intervene, (a) the U.S. may lost trust of its allies in Asia (b) the U.S. will still be a staunched partner of its Asian allies (c) China will look down on America.
- 3. On what circumstances would the U.S. mostly be committed to defend Taiwan?
 - (a) Taiwan declares independence (b) Taiwan is annexed involuntarily by China
 - (c) No such circumstance has been discussed
- 4. A vital national interest refers to national interest that is (a) rare (b) extremely important
 (c) ambiguous

備 考

員:

032 (簽章)2007年3月5日

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國 立 政 治 大 學圖書 镩 國立政治大學九十六 學年度研究所傳士班入學考試命題紙

40% II. Translation

Translate the following paragraphs or sentences into Chinese.

- 1. "President Nixon: Mr. Chairman, I am aware of the fact that over a period of years my position with regard to the People's Republic was one that the Chairman and Prime Minister totally disagreed with. What brings us together is recognition of a new situation in the world and recognition on our part that what is important is not a nation's internal political philosophy. What is important is its policy toward the rest of the world and toward us. That is why—this point I think can be said to be honest—we have differences."
- 2. "Taiwan Cultural Association's activities were to enlighten the Taiwanese consciousness, to improve people's knowledge and concern in politics, especially to stir up criticism toward the Japanese colonial rule....A total of over 300,000 attended lecture meetings in various places of Taiwan. Including lecture meetings, all others activities were conducted under close watch and control of the police based on Peace Police Law. However, police interference and clash with police had, on the contrary, improved the Taiwanese consciousness. Six years between the founding of Taiwan Cultural Association and its split may well be called the 'Taiwanese Renaissance'".

III. Paragraph writing 40%

In a short paragraph of about 200 words, explain why you have decided to pursue further studies in Taiwan History?

題 陆 交

033

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